

**TAMIL NADU BOARD EXAMINATION IN GENERAL NURSING  
AND MIDWIFERY -THIRD YEAR**

(NEW SYLLABUS—3 ½ Years )

June / July – 2013

**PAPER-1 – MIDWIFERY AND GYNAECOLOGY**

Time ---Three hours

( Maximum Marks : 75 )

[ N.B –Answer all questions.]

Marks

5x1=5

**I Define the following**

- 1.Dystocia
- 2 Gestational age
- 3.Effacement
- 4.Lightening
- 5.Cystocele

**II Fill in the blanks with suitable words**

5x1=5

- 1.The formation of swelling due to stagnation of fluid in the layer's of the scalp is called-----
- 2.Moulding disappears with in -----hours after birth
- 3.Abortion is otherwise known as -----
- 4.-----for collection of aminiotic fluid
- 5.The process involved in the development of mature ovum is called-----

**III Match the following**

5x1=5

**Part A**

- 1.Uterine Inertia
- 2.Increased HCG level
- 3.Fundal height reduces 1-1.5 cm
- 4.Puerperal sepsis
- 5.Corneous mole

**Part B**

- Involution
- Missed abortion
- Disordered uterine action
- Hydatiform mole
- Deep vein thrombosis

**IV State true or false, If false give correct answer** 5x1=5

1. The encysted blood so collected in the Pouch of Douglas is called pelvic Haematocele.
2. The cord is attached to the margin of the Placenta is called Succenturiate.
3. Photo therapy is used to reduce the level of unconjugated bilirubin
4. Android Pelvis is a Kidney shaped.
5. Placenta praevia is associated with pain abdomen and vaginal bleeding

**V Write short notes on any five of the following** 5x5=25

1. Management of Eclampsia patient
2. Minor disorders in newborn
3. Describe the foetal circulation with diagram
4. Hydatiform mole
5. Fibroid uterus
6. Post partum Haemorrhage

**VI Answer any three of the following** 3x10=30

1. What are the causes of vaginal bleeding in the first trimester? Describe the signs and symptoms and nursing management by using nursing process
2. What are the stages of labour, Explain physiological changes of first stage of labour
3. Write the management of patient with Ectopic pregnancy by using nursing process.
4. Explain the Temporary and permanent methods of Family Planning.